



Accounting Standards and Audit Update

Hobart May 2019 Jeff Tongs & Stephen Morrison

Accounting Standards Update

Are you ready for:

Australian Accounting Standard	Effective Date – Year beginning on or after	30 June Year-end
AASB 9 Financial Instruments	1 January 2018	30 June 2019
AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018 (For-profit) 1 January 2019 (Not-for-profit)*	30 June 2019 30 June 2020*
AASB 1058 Income of NFP Entities	1 January 2019	30 June 2020
AASB 16 Leases	1 January 2019	30 June 2020



Transition Choices



O R

Fully Retrospective

Cumulative Approach

Prepare statements as if standard had always applied.

Restate comparative information, adjust prior year opening retained earnings and disclose effects.

Consider relief and options available

Disclose effects and options taken

Adjust for new standard in current year. Prior year still under previous standard.

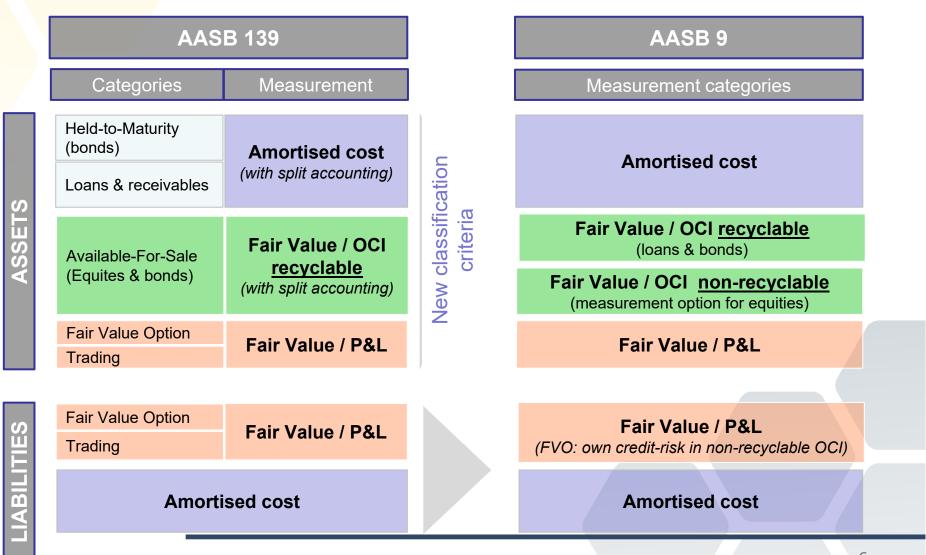
Do not restate comparatives. Recognise effect on application to opening retained earnings in current year.

Consider relief and options available

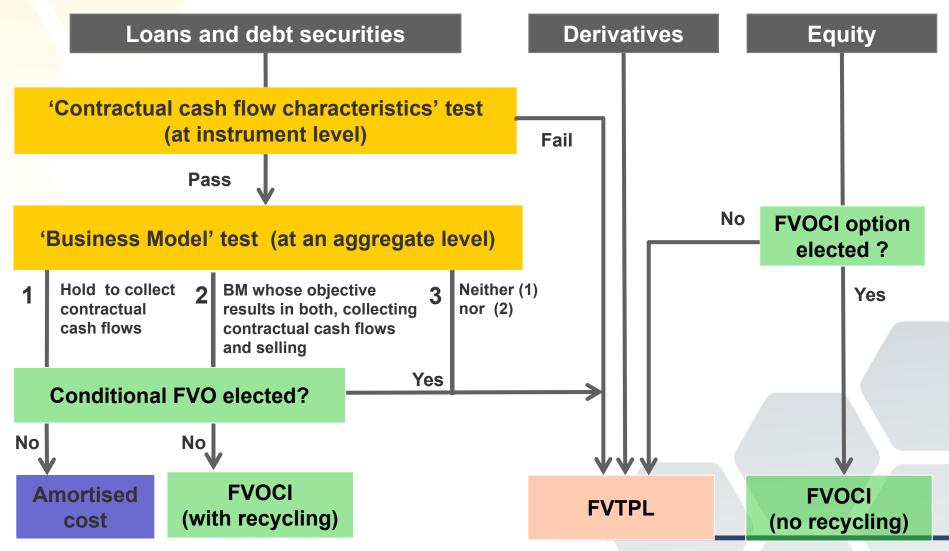
Disclose effects and options taken



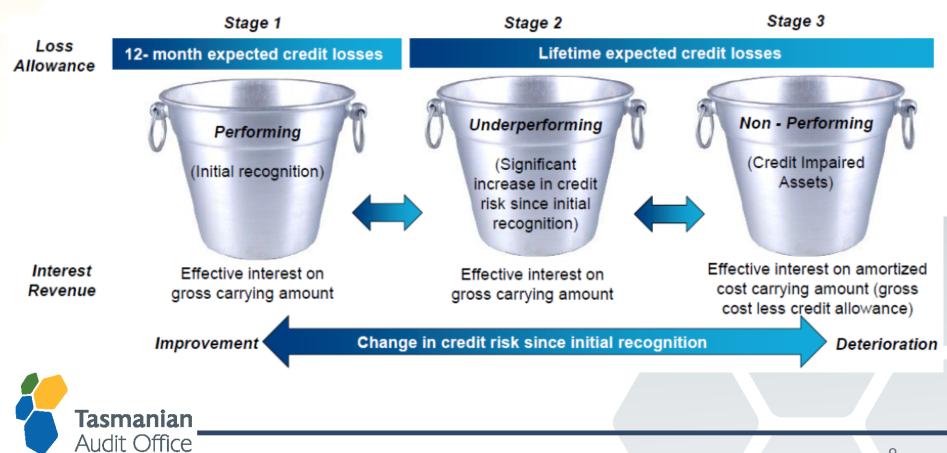
AASB 9: Financial Instruments Classification & Measurement: overview



Criteria for classification and measurement



Summary of Expected Credit Loss Model (General Approach)



New disclosure requirements

Ongoing

- Classification and measurement policies (incl' Bus Model)
- Impairment (Policies, quantitative info' on loss calc's and a reconciliation of the expected credit loss allowance)
- Hedging (policies and narrative and quantitative info' about strategies, objectives, instruments, reserves and ineffectiveness)

On adoption

- Narrations (Explaining choices, designations, reasons and how classifications applied for each instrument. Comparative policies if Cumulative Approach adopted on transition.)
- Reconciliations of quantitative information in a tabular form

Reconciliation of financial instruments on adoption of AASB 9

On the date of initial application, 1 January 2018, the financial instruments of the Group were reclassified as follows:

		Measuremo	ent Category	Car	unt	
	Notes	Original AASB 139 category	New AASB 9 category	Closing balance 31 December 2017 (AASB 139)	Adoption of AASB 9	Opening balance 1 January 2018 (AASB 9)
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets						
Current financial assets						
Trade and other receivables	12	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	23,441	(22)	23,419
Derivative instruments (not used for hedge accounting)	13.7	FVPL	FVPL	212	-	212
Derivatives - Hedge accounting applied	13.7	Fair value with effective movements included in cash flow hedge reserve	Fair value with effective movements included in cash flow hedge reserve	230	_	230
ΔΔSR 7.42I (a) (b)						

Reconciliation of the statement of financial position balances from AASB 139 to AASB 9 at 1 January 2018:

AASB 139 to AASB 9 at 1 January 20 t	AASB 139 carrying amount	Re- classification	Re- measurement	AASB 9 carrying amount
	2017			2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Held to maturity				
Closing balance 31 December 2017	1,189			
To amortised cost		(1,189)		
Opening balance 1 January 2018 - AASB 9	1,189	(1,189)	-	-
Amortised cost				
Closing balance 31 December 2017 - AASB 139	34,638	1		
From Available for sale (AFS) - government bonds		1,189		
Impairment - receivables			(22)	
Impairment - government bond			(30)	
Opening balance 1 January 2018 - AASB 9	34,638	1,189	(52)	35,775

Reconciliation of equity for the impact of AASB 9 at 1 January 2018:

Impacted area	AFS financial assets reserve	FVOCI reserve	Retained earnings
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Closing balance 31 December 2017 - AASB 139	(22)	-	37,282
Reclassify listed equities from AFS to FVPL	22	-	(22)
Remeasurement - unlisted equities XY Ltd	-	-	27
Impairment - receivables	-	-	(22)
Impairment - government bonds	-	-	(30)
Opening balance 1 January 2018 - AASB 9	-	-	37,235



AASB 108.28 (f)(i) AASB 7.42L

AASB 15: Revenues from Contracts with Customers The 5 Revenue Steps

 Recognise revenue for the transfer of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange

Qualitative and quantitative disclosures

Step 5 Recognise Step 4 revenue Allocate Step 3 when each transaction performance Determine Step 2 price to obligation is the performance satisfied Identify the transaction Step 1 obligations separate price Identify the performance Contract obligations

AASB1058: Income for Not-For-Profit Entities

Deals with:

- a) Transactions where consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than fair value, principally to further NFP objectives
 - 1. Assets received below fair value
 - 2. Transfers to acquire or construct
 - 3. Grants
 - 4. Non-contractual statutory income
 - 5. Peppercorn leases
- b) Receipt of volunteer services.

Amending Standard AASB 2018 – 8: Right-of-use Assets of Not-for-Profit Entities

 Temporary options when measuring ROU assets arising from leases that have significantly below-market terms and conditions principally to enable the entity to further its objectives

NFPs lessees can elect to:

- > FV per AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement; or
- > Cost in accordance with AASB 16
- Option applies both on transition and new leases
- Additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures



AASB 16: Leases

- Leased assets and liabilities to be recognised on the Balance Sheet
- Measured at the present value of unavoidable lease payments

Not included -

- Leases of low-value assets (approx. \$10,000)
- Short-term assets (<12 months)

Excluded -

- Variable lease payments
- Optional payments (not reasonably certain)
- Leased/Right-of-use Asset (Depreciated)
- Lease Liability

(Lease & Finance Exp)

Departments —Draft TI FC19 Leases — Approvals/accounting

Client Reference Information:

Change to Submission of Financial Statement Requirements 2018

- Management Certification To Be Provided by Those Responsible for Financial Reporting At The Time of Submission Of Financial Statements.pdf
- Management Certification To Be Provided by Those Responsible for Financial Reporting At The Time of Submission Of Financial Statements.docx
- Financial Statements Submissions Checklist (Updated July 2018)

Other Client Information

- AASB 119 Employee Entitlements 30 June 2019 (Updated to April)
- AASB 124 Related Parties for Councils February 2017
- AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures Your Questions Answered
- Guidance to Local Government Councils on calculating Underlying Result (revised June 2017)
- Guidelines for Tas Gov Businesses Director & Executive Remuneration Disclosure Template (Updated May 2019)

Presentations, Seminars and Information Sessions

Client Seminar 2019

- Client Seminar Presentation 2019 Hobart Handouts
- Accounting Standards Update Slides
- Pilot Project Slides
- Audit Update Slides
- Recently Tabled Performance Audits Slides
- Client Seminar Presentation (TAO Presentation Slides Only) 2019 Handout







Disclosure Update Template updated by Advisory Panel

1	2019 Executive Ren	nuneration											
					Short-Term			Other	Other V	Total		Other Long-	
					Incentive			Monetary	Non-Monetary	Remuneration	Termination	Term	
				Base Salary ¹	Payments ²	Superannuation ³	Vehicles⁴	Benefits ⁵	Benefits ⁶	Package	Benefits ⁷	Benefits ⁸	Total
	Name	Position	Period	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Mr J Napier	Chief Executive Officer	Full year	270	25	44	25	2	2	368	0	5	373
	Mr O C Cobblepot	General Manager Safety	Full year	130	0	20	8	0	1	159	0	14	173
	Prof. J Crane	General Manager Research	Full year	175	12	28	6	0	0	221	0	1	222
	Mr H Dent	Director Project Delivery	Full year	165	0	25	16	0	0	206	0	(14)	192
1	Mr V Fries	General Manager Cold Storage	To 28/2/2019	145	0	34	5	0	0	184	81	(55)	210
•	Dr. P Isley	Director - Distribution	Full year	145	12	24	12	2	0	195	0	(11)	184

- "Other Non-Monetary Benefits" now part of "Total Remuneration Package"
- Only termination benefits & leave movements outside "Total Remuneration"
- Definition Updates "Other Monetary Benefits" & "Other Non-Monetary Benefits"
- Applies this year
- Revised template available on TAO Website
- Comparatives to be presented into new layout.
 (\$ remain unchanged)



Audit Update

Stephen Morrison Assistant Auditor-General

Outline

- Audit findings and key and significant risk areas
- Audit focus and changes 2019
- Are subsidiaries State entities?
- Do you have internal controls in place to protect against fraudulent email/communication attempts?
- Some resources





Outcomes of audits





2018 Audit Findings by area

	High Risk	Moderate Risk	Low Risk	Total
Assets	3	14	7	24
IT Security	0	6	8	14
Expenditure	1	4	3	8
Payroll	0	3	15	18
Revenue/Debtors	0	2	3	5
Other	7	37	23	67
Total	11	66	59	136

2018 Audit Findings by sector

	High Risk	Moderate Risk	Low Risk	Total
General Government Sector	1	13	14	28
Government businesses	3	16	14	33
Local government	7	35	27	69
Other	0	2	4	6
Total	11	66	59	136



PPE valuation – Common challenges

- 1. Determining the valuation approach with consideration for highest and best use
- 2. Identifying the significant parts of an infrastructure asset
- Deciding whether to use greenfield or brownfield costs
- 4. Reviewing useful lives and residual values
- 5. Utilising condition ratings appropriately
- Reviewing and documenting valuation assumptions and inputs

Other matters

Asset recognition/de-recognition or valuation

Found assets	> Prior period error
Land transfers	Asset recognised at fair value in income statement
Scrapped or demolished assets	Derecognised
Damaged assets	Reduced useful life or derecognised
Assets held for sale	Reclassify, market valuation
Impairment (NFP)	> Replaced by obsolescence



Audit focus 2018-19

- Inclusion of key audit matters in opinions for all councils
- Greater focus on IT controls
- Bringing work forward, especially asset revaluations
- Focus on:
 - Asset WIP capitalisation policy overhead allocations
 - Valuations
 - Asset lives determination and consistency
 - Prior period errors
- Report to Parliament -
 - Capital expenditure explanations for not achieving capital expenditure plans



Are subsidiaries State entities?

- If an entity is a State entity in its own right, it will not be a subsidiary of a State entity, regardless of the relationship it has with another State entity.
- Subsidiary incorporated under Corporations Act that is controlled by a State authority falls into the meaning of a State owned company = State entity
- Body or authority established under section 21 (corporation, trust, partnership or other body), section 29 (controlling authorities) or 30 (single or joint authorities) of LGA 1993 = State entity

So what does this all mean?



Are subsidiaries State entities?

State entity

(includes subsidiaries set up under Corporations Act or local government trust, partnership or other body; controlled, single and joint authorities)

Subsidiary of a State entity

(Auditor-General the auditor of a subsidiary of a State entity unless he determines otherwise)

Audited subsidiary of a State entity

(a subsidiary of a State entity where the Auditor-General is the auditor)

Accountable Authority

(State entities and audited subsidiaries of State entities must have)

Accountable authorities - submit financial statements

(to Auditor General within 45 days after the end of each financial year)

Audit of State entity dispensed with

Audit of State entity *not* dispensed with Audit of audited subsidiaries of a State entity - no dispensation available

Auditor-General to audit the financial statements (within 45 days of submission)

Non-audited subsidiary of a State entity

(all subsidiaries of State entities where the Auditor-General makes a determination he is not auditor)

No financial statement reporting, submission or audit requirements

statement preparation, submission and audit obligations



Do you have internal controls in place to protect against fraudulent email/communication attempts?

Public sector entities have recently received emails or other communications where fraud was attempted by requesting changes to the bank account details of employees or suppliers.



Do you have internal controls in place to protect your organisation against fraudulent email/communication attempts?

Here's what you can do to help prevent frauds

- Conduct a risk assessment and verify legitimacy of any changes in employee or supplier bank account details recently processed.
- Take the following steps for change requests:
 - treat with suspicion
 - have effective verification controls (in place and tested)
 - authenticate directly with the employee or supplier
 - segregate access privileges
 - introduce controls immediately.



Useful resources

Tasmanian Audit Office:

Guide to Using our Reports

• Guide to the Auditor-General's Report on the Financial Statements of State Entities

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- Guidelines for Tas Gov Businesses Director & Executive Remuneration Disclosure Template (Updated July 2018)
- TAO Local Gov Model Accounts 30 June 2018 (Excel)



Useful resources

Presentations, Seminars and Information Sessions

Client Seminar 2018

- · Accounting Issues Slides
- Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment Slides
- New Standards (AASB 16 Leases) Slides
- · Changes for 30 June 2018 and New Standards Slides
- · Client Seminar Presentation 2018 Handout

Information Session for Senior Management and Members of Audit Committees 2018

- Managing Conflicts of Interest Richard Bingham, Integrity Commission
- · Standards Update and Audit Findings Jeff Tongs and Stephen Morrison
- · Case studies about public sector corruption Mark Eady, Derwent Valley Council
- Contentious Accounting Issues and Tasmanian Audit Office Matters Rod Whitehead
- · 2018 Information Session for Senior Management and Members of Audit Committees Handout
- 2018 Information Session for Senior Management and Members of Audit Committees Program



www.audit.tas.gov.au/resources/

Useful resources



https://www.audit.tas.gov.au/publ ication/local-government-authorities-2017-18/



Comprehensive Income Statements - 201		Non-						
Council		Non						
	Operating Revenue * \$'000s	Operating Revenue *	Total Revenue \$'000s	Operating Expenditure \$'000s	Non- Operating Expenditure ** \$'000s	Total Expenditure \$'000s	Underlying Surplus/ (Deficit) \$'000s	Net Surplus (Deficit) \$'000s
	V 0003	4 0003	4 0005	40003	40003	4 0003	4 0005	4 0000
Urban medium								
Clarence	63 015	11 980	74 995	58 212	0	58 212	4 803	167
Glenorchy	54 002	4 378	58 380	53 399	5 656	59 055	603	(67
Hobart	126 006	7 381	133 387	124 869	0	124 869	1 137	8 5
Kingborough	38 510	5 613	44 123	38 886	231	39 117	(376)	5 0
Launceston	103 102	135 536	238 638	101 841	5 612	107 453	1 261	131 1
UM Total 2016-17 UM Average per Council 2016-17	384 635 76 927	164 888 32 978	549 523 109 905	377 207 75 441	11 499 2 300	388 706 77 741	7 428 1486	160 8 32 1
Urban small								
Brighton	14 359	3 416	17 775	14 349	0	14 349	10	3 4
Burnie	35 541	4 851	40 392	36 485	5 333	41 818	(944)	(1 42
Central Coast	26 416	6 163	32 579	24 988	233	25 221	1428	73
Devonport West Tamar	39 773 24 433	7 600 34 469	47 373 58 902	38 548 22 331	737 826	39 285 23 157	1 225 2 102	8 C 35 7
US Total 2016-17	140 522	56 499	197 021	136 701	7 129	143 830	3 821	53 1
US Average per Council 2016-17	28 104	11 300	39 404	27 340	1426	28 766	764	10 6
	20 201	11 000	57.101	2, 310	1420	20,00	707	200
Rural agricultural, very large								
Derwent Valley	12 951	1 709	14 660	11 858	0	11 858	1093	28
Huon Valley	24 136	2 691	26 827 25 073	23 129	708	23 129	1007 1489	3 6
Meander Valley Northern Midlands	19 325 17 096	5 748 4 608	25 073	17 836 17 774	708	18 544 18 567	(678)	6 5 3 1
Sorell	17 177	3 579	20 756	17 128	793	17 128	49	36
Waratah-Wynyard	17 615	3 737	21 352	17 481	443	17 128	134	34
RAVI. Total 2016-17	108 300	22 072	130 372	105 206	1944	107 150	3 094	23.2
RAVL Average per Council 2016-17	18 050	3 679	21 729	17 534	324	17 858	516	3 8
Rural agricultural, large								
Break O'Day	13 757	2 742	16 499	13 145	458	13 603	612	2.8
Circular Head	14 122	3 627	17 749	13 837	163	14 000	285	3 7
Dorset	12 609	3 768	16 377	10 964	293	11 257	1 645	5 1
George Town	10 622	1 620	12 242	11 735	(128)	11 607	(1 113)	6
Kentish	9 436	7 317	16 753	9 3 3 6	2 701	12 037	100	47
Latrobe	12 418	3 813	16 231	11 902	139	12 041	516	41
Southern Midlands	10 233	3 460	13 693	10 211	0	10 211	22	34
RAL Total 2016-17	83 197	26 347	109 544	81 130	3 626	84 756	2067	24 7
RAL Average per Council 2016-17	11 885	3 764	15 649	11 590	518	12 108	295	35
Rural agricultural, small and medium								
Central Highlands	6 550	2 693	9 243	6 430	62	6 492	120	2.7
Flinders	4 331	1 411	5 742	5 456	0	5 456	(1 125)	2
Glamorgan Spring Bay	12 495	5 574	18 069	12 109	0	12 109	386	59
King Island	6 387	1 552	7 939	7 214	0	7 2 1 4	(827)	7
Fasman	6 386	975	7 361	5 482	0	5 482	904	18
West Coast	10 764	1 548	12 312	10 211	253	10 464	553	18
RASM Total 2016-17	46 913	13 753	60 666	46 902	315	47 217	11	13 4
							2	2 2
RASM Average per Council 2016-17	7 819	2 292	10 111	7 817	53	7 870		4.4
	7 819 763 567	2 292	10111	7 817	24 513	7870	16 421	275 4