

Auditor-General's Annual Plan of Work 2023-24

14 June 2023

Our role

The Auditor-General and Tasmanian Audit Office are established under the *Audit Act 2008*. Our role is to provide assurance to Parliament and the Tasmanian community about the performance of public sector entities. We achieve this by auditing financial statements of public sector entities and by conducting audits, examinations and investigations on:

- how effective, efficient, and economical public sector entity activities, programs and services are
- how public sector entities manage resources
- how public sector entities can improve their management practices and systems
- whether public sector entities comply with legislation and other requirements.

Through our audit work, we make recommendations that promote accountability and transparency in government and improve public sector entity performance.

We publish our audit findings in reports, which are tabled in Parliament and made publicly available online. To view our past audit reports, visit our <u>reports</u> page on our website.

Acknowledgement of Country

We acknowledge Tasmanian Aboriginal people as the traditional owners of this Land, and pay respects to Elders past and present. We respect Tasmanian Aboriginal people, their culture and their rights as the first peoples of this Land. We recognise and value Aboriginal histories, knowledge and lived experiences and commit to being culturally inclusive and respectful in our working relationships with Aboriginal people.

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Auditor-General's reports and other reports published by the Office can be accessed via the Office's website. For further information please contact:

Tasmanian Audit Office

GPO Box 851 Hobart TASMANIA 7001 Phone: (03) 6173 0900 Email: <u>admin@audit.tas.gov.au</u> Website: <u>www.audit.tas.gov.au</u>

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Level 2, 144 Macquarie Street, Hobart, Tasmania, 7000 Postal Address GPO Box 851, Hobart, Tasmania, 7001 Phone: 03 6173 0900 Email: admin@audit.tas.gov.au Web: www.audit.tas.gov.au

14 June 2023

Chair, Parliamentary Standing Committee of Public Accounts President, Legislative Council Speaker, House of Assembly Parliament House **HOBART TAS 7000**

Dear Chair, President and Speaker,

Auditor-General's Annual Plan of Work 2023-24

In accordance with section 11 of the *Audit Act 2008*, I submit my annual plan of work for the 2023-24 financial year.

Yours sincerely



Rod Whitehead Auditor-General

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Introduction by the Auditor-General

Pursuant to section 11 of the *Audit Act 2008* (Audit Act) by 30 June each year I am required to prepare and present to the Parliamentary Standing Committee of Public Accounts (Committee) an Annual Plan (Plan) that describes the audit work program for the coming financial year. This provides the Tasmanian Parliament, the Tasmanian public sector and the community with an opportunity to understand our audit priorities for 2023-24.

The Plan is a key accountability document for the Tasmanian Audit Office (the Office). It is my statement of intent on what we will audit or examine during the forthcoming year and the reports we expect to table in Parliament.

In developing the Plan we continuously monitor issues and developments across the public sector and we consult extensively with relevant stakeholders, including the Committee, Head of Agencies, Mayors and General Managers of councils, and Chairs and Chief Executive Officers of Government businesses, throughout the year. In exercising my discretionary power to undertake audits, I am conscious our audit reports need to be of relevance to Parliamentarians and the community.

As in past years, the Plan represents an ambitious schedule of work across a broad spectrum of subject areas. I am confident that the talented, experienced and dedicated staff of the Office will strive to deliver on the commitment outlined in the Plan.

Finally, I thank Parliamentarians and other stakeholders who have engaged with me to help me formulate the 2023-24 plan of work.



Rod Whitehead Auditor-General

14 June 2023

Planned reporting to Parliament

| Report | Planned tabling |
|--|-----------------|
| Performance audits – current audits | |
| Monitoring of digital initiatives | Sep 2023 |
| Private works undertaken by councils | Nov 2023 |
| Oral Health Services | Mar 2024 |
| Management of departmental office accommodation | May 2024 |
| Performance audits to commence in 2023-24 | |
| Supporting students with a disability | 2023-24 |
| Effectiveness of shared services arrangements in the General Government Sector | 2023-24 |
| Management of landfills | 2024-25 |
| Community grants and contracted services | 2024-25 |
| Follow up of selected audits not covered by the Committee | 2024-25 |
| Performance audits to commence in 2024-25 | |
| Office of the Coordinator-General | 2024-25 |
| Effectiveness of the new Tasmanian Planning Scheme | 2024-25 |
| Managing freshwater resources | 2025-26 |
| Strategic management of port infrastructure | 2025-26 |
| Road safety enforcement | 2025-26 |
| Financial audits | |
| Report on the audit of financial statements of State entities and audited subsidiaries of State entities | Annually |
| Tasmanian Audit Office accountability reports | |
| Annual report | Annually |
| Annual plan of work | Annually |

Role of the Auditor-General

The role of the Auditor-General is to provide independent assurance to the Tasmanian Parliament and the community on the performance and accountability of the Tasmanian public sector. We do this primarily by undertaking financial audits, performance audits and other examinations and investigations of State entities and reporting to the Parliament on the outcomes from those audits, examinations or investigations. State entities themselves are accountable to Parliament for their use of public resources and the powers conferred on them by Parliament.

Audit mandate

The Audit Act is the principal legislation governing and guiding the Auditor-General and the Office. It establishes the Auditor-General's mandate and provides the legal basis for the powers and functions of the Auditor-General.

The key responsibility of the Auditor-General is to audit the financial statements of State entities and to report the results of those audits to Parliament. In addition, the Auditor-General must audit the Public Account Statements and any other statements prepared by the Treasurer in accordance with any written law.

The Audit Act also provides the Auditor-General with the authority to undertake:

- performance audits examining the efficiency, effectiveness and economy of a State entity, a number of State entities, or a part of a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity
- compliance audits examining compliance by a State entity, or a subsidiary of a State entity, with written laws or its own internal policies
- examinations or investigations into any matter relating to the accounts or accounting and financial management information systems of the Treasurer, a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity
- investigations into any matter relating to public money, other money, public property or other property
- examinations of the performance and exercise of the Employer's functions and powers under the *State Service Act 2000*.

Other audits can also be undertaken by arrangement.

Reporting responsibilities

The Audit Act prescribes our reporting responsibilities, which include:

• the provision of audit reports expressing an opinion on the financial statements of State entities and management letters conveying audit findings to the relevant State entity's responsible Minister and relevant accountable authority

- reporting to Parliament on or before 31 December in each year on the audits of the financial statements of State entities and audited subsidiaries in respect of the preceding financial year
- reporting, at the discretion of the Auditor-General, the outcomes of performance or compliance audits, examinations or investigations, to the Parliament, or the Committee or the Joint Standing Committee on Integrity.

Improving public sector performance and accountability

To facilitate improvement in public sector performance, we engage with stakeholders to share our audit findings and to encourage State entities to act on audit recommendations. This includes briefings and presentations to a broad range of stakeholders, including Members of Parliament, the Committee, Heads of Departments, State entity executive management, chairs of boards and audit committees, mayors and general managers of councils and other integrity bodies.

We also communicate findings of audits through presentations, media releases, media interviews, and submissions to inquiries and reviews. We also provide information on our website (<u>www.audit.tas.gov.au</u>), including reports and presentation summaries.

We continue to facilitate information sessions for:

- members of audit committees and senior executives in State entities to keep them abreast of developments in governance, foster a better understanding of the relationship between audit committees and the Office and to provide an opportunity for the exchange of ideas and networking
- State entity corporate, accounting and internal audit staff to ensure they are kept aware of relevant changes in financial reporting requirements and other recent developments impacting financial management and auditing.

Given our unique perspective on the regulatory and policy framework governing the accountability of the Tasmanian public sector, we regularly draw on our experience, expertise and research to contribute to the development of audit and accountability policy in the Tasmanian public sector, including reforms to legislation, regulation and standards. This takes the form of submissions to relevant Parliamentary or Government¹ inquiries, meetings with representatives of State entities developing policy on audit and accountability issues and providing comments on exposure drafts of new accounting and auditing standards relevant to the public sector. These activities help to increase the impact of our audits, enhancing the relevance of the audit function to the Parliament and the community.

¹ In this report, a reference to Government refers to the Tasmanian Government unless otherwise stated.

Performance audit program

Selecting performance audits

The annual planning process for the selection of performance audits involves 3 distinct phases:

- identifying potential performance audits
- selecting performance audits to be undertaken
- consultation with the Committee, heads of departments and other stakeholders.

Identifying potential performance audits

Potential audits are identified where they involve areas:

- where there are known or suspected problems
- of significance or high inherent risk to State entities or the Tasmanian public sector more broadly
- believed to be performing particularly well, in order to highlight success and the factors that contribute to it.

Potential performance audits are identified from intelligence gathering processes, which include:

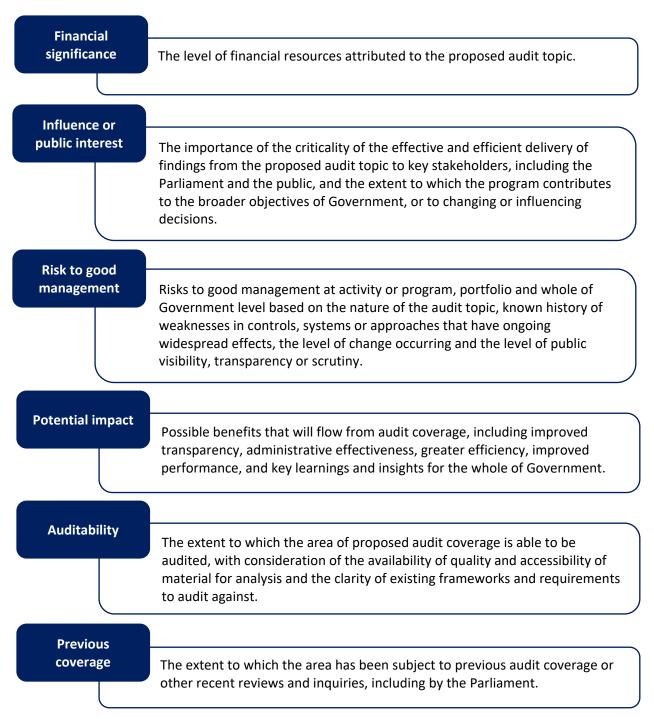
- scanning the environment to identify key developments, risks and challenges to public administration, internationally, nationally, and at state and local government levels
- monitoring agencies' operations and performance through our financial audit activity
- consulting Parliament, public sector entities, integrity agencies and other relevant stakeholders
- monitoring referrals received suggesting matters for possible audit consideration.

Selecting performance audits

Performance audits included in the Plan were selected following an assessment of all potential performance audits and consideration of the balance and coverage of the performance program as a whole across the various portfolios/sectors of government.

The criteria used to assess potential performance audits are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Performance audit assessment criteria



The final selection of performance audits for inclusion in the Plan is at the discretion of the Auditor-General and includes consideration of the balance and coverage of the performance program as a whole across the various portfolios and sectors of government.

Consultation with the Committee

As required under the Audit Act, a draft of the Plan is presented to the Committee for review and comment. The Auditor-General is required to finalise the Plan before 30 June each year after considering any comments received from the Committee. The Plan must include the nature of any changes suggested by the Committee that the Auditor-General has not adopted.

The Auditor-General discussed potential performance audits with the Committee on 23 November 2022 and received feedback on 8 December 2022. The draft Plan was presented to the Committee on 22 March 2023. The Committee endorsed the Plan on 25 May 2023.

Delivering performance audits

Performance audits are designed and conducted in accordance with relevant standards issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. These standards cover planning, conduct, evidence, communication, reporting and other elements of performance audits. Performance audits provide a 'reasonable assurance' opinion.

Our staff typically deliver performance audits and reviews. However, we periodically engage subject matter experts to advise our engagement teams on complex and technical issues. We occasionally use contracted audit service providers to supplement our staff resources where required.

To reach conclusions against our audit or review objectives, we determine criteria against which to assess agency performance. We develop our criteria in accordance with relevant standards issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and in consultation with the audited State entities. Figure 2 illustrates the types of criteria commonly included in performance audits and reviews.

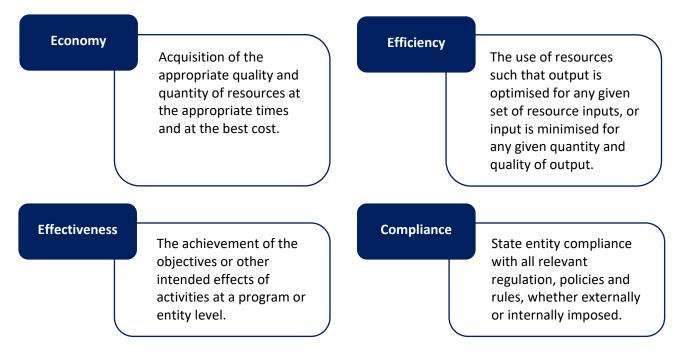


Figure 2: Types of criteria commonly included in performance audits

We are committed to conducting follow-up audits to monitor State entity progress in implementing recommendations from previous performance audits and to verify that actions taken by State entities have been effective in addressing the recommendations. Audits selected for follow up exclude those selected for follow up by the Committee.

The performance audit program is not static and is subject to periodic review. Changes in, or delays to, the program can arise primarily from:

- the identification of a higher priority audit or examination undertaken at the discretion of the Auditor-General
- an audit or examination undertaken at the request of the Committee, Treasurer, Ombudsman or Integrity Commission
- an audit or examination undertaken in collaboration with the Auditor-General of the Commonwealth or another state or a territory
- reviews undertaken by State entities or other third parties
- resource constraints.

Normally, audits and examination planned but not commenced in the one year will be 'rolled over' into the Plan of the following year where they continue to be relevant. In some cases, following further consideration, audits may be removed from the Plan.

Performance audit outputs

Acquittal of the 2022-23 performance audit program

An acquittal of the planned 2022-23 performance audit program, as communicated in the Annual Plan of Work 2022-23, is provided in Table 1.

| Audit Project | Audit Plan finalised | Planned tabling date ¹ | Actual/ Expected tabling date |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Improving outcomes for senior secondary students in Tasmania | Mar 2021 | Jun 2022 | Aug 2022 |
| Strategic procurement in local government | Apr 2022 | Nov 2022 | Mar 2023 |
| Follow up of selected audits not covered by the Committee | Jun 2022 | Nov 2022 | May 2023 |
| Monitoring of digital initiatives | Jun 2022 | Mar 2023 | Sep 2023 ² |
| Private works undertaken by councils | Feb 2022 | 2022-23 | Nov 2023 ² |
| University of Tasmania's management of the Northern Transformation Project | N/a³ | 2022-23 | N/a |

| Audit Project | Audit Plan finalised | Planned tabling date ¹ | Actual/ Expected tabling date |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Oral Health Services | Jun 2023 | 2022-23 | Mar 2024 ² |

Notes

- 1. Initial planned tabling date on commencement of audit
- 2. Planned tabling date
- 3. The Auditor-General decided not to undertake this audit. Refer to further commentary on page 10 of this Plan.

Planned reporting to Parliament

Performance audits in progress and performance audits to commence in 2023-24 and 2024-25 are listed in Table 2.

Table 2: Performance audits in progress and to commence in 2023-24 and 2024-25

| Report | Planned tabling |
|--|-----------------|
| Performance audits – current audits | |
| Monitoring of digital initiatives | Sep 2023 |
| Private works undertaken by councils | Nov 2023 |
| Oral Health Services | Mar 2024 |
| Management of departmental office accommodation | May 2024 |
| Performance audits to commence in 2023-24 | |
| Supporting students with a disability | 2023-24 |
| Effectiveness of shared services arrangements in the General Government Sector | 2023-24 |
| Management of landfills | 2024-25 |
| Community grants and contracted services | 2024-25 |
| Follow up of selected audits not covered by the Committee | 2024-25 |
| Performance audits to commence in 2024-25 | |
| Office of the Coordinator-General | 2024-25 |
| Effectiveness of the new Tasmanian Planning Scheme | 2024-25 |

| Report | Planned tabling |
|---|-----------------|
| Managing freshwater resources | 2025-26 |
| Strategic management of port infrastructure | 2025-26 |
| Road safety enforcement | 2025-26 |

Further details of performance audits in progress and yet to be commenced are provided in Appendix 1.

Audits not undertaken

The following audits have been removed from the Annual Plan of Work

| Report | Planned tabling |
|--|-----------------|
| Performance audits to commence in 2022-23 | |
| University of Tasmania's management of the Northern Transformation Project | 2022-23 |
| Performance audits to commence in 2023-24 | |
| Strategic contract management | 2023-24 |

University of Tasmania's management of the Northern Transformation Project

An audit to examine pre-construction management of significant projects by the University of Tasmania was included in the *Annual plan of work 2017-18*. This audit was intended to be completed in 2018-19 with the objective to assess how effectively the University managed pre-construction activities for significant building developments, including the engagement and use of consultants and experts. Projects to be subject to audit included the \$96 million Hedberg Centre for creative industries and performing arts, the \$300 million Northern Campus relocation projects and the \$400 million science, technology, engineering and maths research and teaching facility on the corner of Argyle and Melville streets in Hobart.

The intended commencement of the audit was deferred due to the following factors which adversely impacted the completion of the 2017-18 performance audit program:

- increased complexity relating to the *Water and sewerage in Tasmania: Assessing the outcomes of industry reform* audit, which resulted in resources being diverted from other audits to enable this audit to be completed by October 2017
- completion of an investigation into procurement of goods and services from CT Management Group Pty Ltd by Glenorchy City Council, the report of which was tabled in Parliament in October 2017
- completion of an audit assessment at the request of the Committee into the management of children in out of home care and the performance of selected entities receiving Special Care Packages, the report of which was provided to the Committee in January 2018.

The audit was included in successive annual Plans up to and including *Annual plan of work* 2021-22. Given the time that had transpired since the *Annual plan of work* 2017-18 was prepared, the audit was re-scoped in the *Annual plan of work* 2022-23 to focus on the University's management of the Northern Transformation Project. As continued engagement with the University had not identified any significant concerns with the progress of the Northern Transformation Project the Auditor-General decided to not undertake the audit.

Strategic contract management

As audit to assess the effectiveness of strategic contract management was first identified in the *Annual plan of work 2022*-23. The objective of the audit was to assess the effectiveness of panel contracts, standing contracts, multi-use contracts and common use contracts in supporting a more efficient approach to contracting services required by Government entities. In light of performance audit human resource constraints at the time of preparing this Plan, the Auditor-General decided to remove this audit from the Plan.

Financial audit program

Delivering financial audits

Under the Audit Act, State entities must submit financial statements that are complete in all material respects to the Auditor-General within 45 days of the end of each financial year (that is, 14 August for 30 June year ends and 14 February for 31 December year ends). The Office must then audit the financial statements and issue an audit report outlining compliance with relevant legislation and the applicable financial reporting framework within 45 days of receipt of the submitted financial statements.

Financial audits are performed in accordance with Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Whilst not a legislative requirement, when conducting annual financial audits, we give regard to probity considerations related to the management or use of public resources.

Financial audits are conducted by either financial audit staff of the Office or contracted audit service providers. All audits conducted with the assistance of contracted audit service providers are subject to project management and quality assurance review by the Office and all audit opinions are issued by the Auditor-General or an authorised delegate.

Our audit portfolio management objective is to achieve a balanced allocation of audits between our staff and contracted audit service providers. This allocation takes into consideration our financial budget and staff resources. Our resourcing decisions also take into account the level of highly specialised technical skills or expertise required in an audit which may not currently exist within our Office. In instances where it is not practical or viable to build this expertise internally, external specialists are contracted to provide this capability.

Opinions on financial statements of State entities

The Auditor-General, including authorised delegates, issues audit opinions on whether the financial statements of State entities fairly present, or give a true and fair view of, their financial position and performance for the year in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards and the relevant legislative reporting framework.

Opinion on the Annual Financial Report of the State of Tasmania

The Treasurer's Annual Financial Report (TAFR) presents the consolidated financial position and performance of the Total State and the General Government Sector. It also includes the Public Account statement comprising receipts and expenditure of the General Government Sector including various Specific Purpose Accounts established by the Treasurer. The majority of these accounts hold funds that will be used to fund the cost of certain transactions over more than one year. Other accounts in the Public Account include wholeof-government, business unit accounts and accounts established under legislation.

The TAFR is a key accountability document for informing Parliament and the public. The Audit Act requires the Auditor-General to express an opinion as to whether the TAFR is fairly

presented in accordance with the *Financial Management Act 2016* and applicable Australian Accounting Standards.

Parliamentary reports on results of financial audits

At the conclusion of each audit cycle, the Office tables a report in Parliament on the results of our audits of State entities' financial statements and our audit of the TAFR. Our report includes comments on selected areas of focus covering key elements of financial and asset management and governance.

We aim to table the report in November each year. Where this is not achievable, we table the report as soon as is practicable after the last sitting period. Each tabling is followed by a presentation to Parliamentarians to provide them with a summary of the report and to highlight matters of importance. Where the report is finalised and tabled out of session, we offer presentations to members of Parliament in both the north and south of the State.

Audits by arrangement

Under the Audit Act we have the ability to conduct audits and provide other services of a kind commonly performed by auditors. We undertake audits by arrangement covering:

- audits required by regulatory authorities
- audits of council special committees
- grant acquittals.

Financial audit outputs

We will continue to deliver a diverse range of financial audit and assurance services in 2022-23 pursuant to the Audit Act. Table 3 provides an overview of those activities and any other applicable legislative frameworks.

| 2023-24 | Number |
|---|--------|
| Financial statement audits ¹ | |
| Financial Management Act 2016 | 20 |
| Local Government Act 1993 | 37 |
| Corporations Act 2001 | 13 |
| Government Business Enterprises Act 1995 | 6 |
| Other legislation or reporting frameworks | 49 |
| Total financial statement audits | 125 |

Table 3: Financial audits and assurance activities expected to be conducted in 2023-24

| 2022-23 | Number |
|--|--------|
| Parliamentary report | |
| Report on the audit of financial statements of State entities and audited subsidiaries of State entities 31 December 2021 and 30 June 2022 | 2 |
| Other audits | |
| Audits by arrangement, including regulatory audits and findings acquittals ² | 101 |

Notes

1. The number of audits conducted varies each year due to changes in the number of public sector entities and the level of audit dispensation provided.

2. Based on 2021-22 data.

Our financial audit program is dynamic, reflecting changes such as the creation of new State entities and the cessation of others, including the impacts of machinery of government changes in the composition of portfolio departments and associated entities. As such, the number of audit and assurance activities we conduct can change throughout the year and over time in accordance with changes in the number of public sector entities.

Appendix 1: Details of performance audits

Performance audits in progress

Monitoring of digital initiatives

Selected departments

Information on the status and outcomes of public sector digital initiatives is often difficult to obtain. Most agencies and entities provide little, if any, public information specifying these details. This lack of transparency means that it is difficult to determine whether digital investments have enhanced Government services or addressed the problems they were meant to resolve, and whether public resources have been spent in an efficient and effective manner.

This audit will will assess whether digital initiatives are effectively planned and monitored to enable the delivery of intended outcomes.

Private works undertaken by councils

Selected councils

Local government councils may undertake private works (which include the supply of council labour, equipment and services) for external parties. This audit will assess the effectiveness of council processes relating to private works undertaken. It will examine whether:

- councils have a private works policy setting out the circumstances under which such works may be undertaken
- decisions to undertake private works are transparent, equitable and consistent
- selected councils' approaches to costing private works are accurate and comprehensive
- administrative arrangements for managing approved private works are effective.

Oral Health Services

Department of Health

Oral health refers to the condition of a person's teeth and gums, as well as the health of the muscles and bones in their mouth. Good oral health is fundamental to, and an indicator of, overall health and wellbeing. Oral Health Services Tasmania is responsible for providing dental and denture services for all eligible Tasmanian adults and dental care for all children up to the age of 18 years.

The audit will assess whether Oral Health Services Tasmania has arrangements in place that effectively facilitate access to public oral health services.

The audit will examine whether Oral Health Services Tasmania:

- is measuring, meeting and managing demand for access to oral health services
- has appropriate oversight and monitoring in place for oral health services
- has procedures in place that reflect, and respond to, an evidence-based understanding of barriers for eligible people accessing oral health services.

Management of departmental office accommodation

Department of Treasury and Finance

The Property Services Unit of the Department of Treasury and Finance is responsible for the management of departmental office accommodation arrangements and the disposal of surplus Government property. The COVID-19 pandemic instigated a change for many office-based workers, including State Service employees, many of whom are now working from home on a regular basis.

The audit will look at how economically and effectively changing departmental office accommodation needs are being met. The audit will also assess whether Treasury manages property disposals effectively.

Performance audits to commence in 2023-24

Supporting students with a disability

Department for Education, Children and Young People

The 2020 Review by the Australian Government of Disability Standards for Education 2005 found that the onus rests on students with disability and their guardians and carers to understand the system and advocate for reasonable adjustments. Accountability for the implementation of the Disability Standards for Education 2005 (the Standards) was lacking. Additionally, the use of a complaints-based approach to compliance redressed individual situations, but did not readily support or drive systemic change. This audit will assess the Department for Education, Children and Young People's effectiveness in providing support to students with a disability. It will examine whether:

- the Department provides adequate information to students with a disability and their guardians and carers to understand the system, advocate for reasonable adjustments and an accessible process by which to raise complaints
- the Department has a system in place to proactively address systemic issues
- schools assess and consult on the needs of students with a disability and provide the agreed adjustments and supports
- teachers have the appropriate skills and training and access to the resources needed to teach students with a disability.

The audit will also determine whether the Department implemented the Standards and subsequent recommendations made to state governments in the Australian Government's 5-yearly reviews of the Standards.

Effectiveness of shared services arrangements in the General Government Sector

Selected departments

A shared services arrangement facilitates the delivery of support services such as accounting, human resources, payroll, information technology, communication, legal, compliance, purchasing and security. The arrangement can allow a number of organisations to share operational tasks, avoid duplication and provide economies of scale. This audit will assess the effectiveness of selected shared services arrangements by focusing on:

- governance arrangements including planning, oversight and risk management
- mechanisms to ensure the effective delivery of services
- reporting arrangements and review activities provide for ongoing monitoring and continuous improvements to the operation of the shared services arrangement.

Management of landfills

Selected councils, local government joint authorities and the Environmental Protection Authority

Waste management has been the responsibility of local government in Tasmania. This includes management of both active and closed landfill sites. Management of landfill is important as poor management can lead to adverse human health and environmental impacts, both currently and for future generations. This audit will examine whether councils and local government joint authorities effectively manage active and closed landfill sites, including regulatory compliance and financial, social and environmental management.

Community grants and contracted services

Department of Premier and Cabinet, Department of State Growth, Department for Education, Children and Young People, various non-government organisations

Non-government organisations provide services to clients of the Government through procurement and grants. This audit will assess whether the selected departments have:

- a transparent and strategic approach to determining whether the services would be procured through a procurement or grant process
- robust controls in place: for selecting and contracting service providers through either a grant or procurement process; ensuring compliance with agreements; monitoring outcomes of services provided by non-government organisations.

Follow up of audits not covered by the Committee

Various State entities

This follow up examination will assess the extent to which recommendations made in selected tabled audit reports have been implemented.

Performance audits to commence in 2024-25

Office of the Coordinator-General

Department of State Growth, Office of the Coordinator-General

The Office of the Coordinator-General is Tasmania's principal entity to attract and support investment in the State. The Office operates broadly across 4 interconnected areas including Investment Attraction and Promotion, Major Project Facilitation, unsolicited proposals and red tape reduction. This audit will examine the performance of the Coordinator-General. It will assess whether:

- governance arrangements, including delegation for decision-making, are appropriate and transparent
- resources are effectively coordinated to achieve positive outcomes for Tasmania
- performance information is objective, comprehensive and reliable.

Effectiveness of the new Tasmanian Planning Scheme

Department of Premier and Cabinet, Tasmanian Planning Commission, selected councils

In 2015, the Government introduced the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Amendment* (*Tasmanian Planning Scheme*) *Act 2015* to develop a single statewide planning scheme for local government councils. The intent of the Tasmanian Planning Scheme was to provide greater consistency in planning controls across Tasmania. The Tasmanian Planning Scheme is currently in operation within 10 councils. The audit will examine the effectiveness of the implementation of the Tasmanian Planning Scheme. It will assess progress against the implementation plan and the outcomes of the reforms for selected councils operating under the Tasmanian Planning Scheme.

Managing freshwater resources

Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania, other relevant stakeholders

Freshwater is vital for the Tasmanian economy, environment and way of life. Legislation, policies and strategies regulate water quality and supply. This audit will examine the effectiveness of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment Tasmania in monitoring water allocation and use. It will examine the:

- coordination of efforts across the Department, and with other relevant stakeholders in managing water supply
- progress in implementing the Rural Use Water Strategy 2021-26 actions specific to agriculture
- monitoring and evaluation of the Rural Use Water Strategy implementation actions specific to agriculture.

Strategic management of port infrastructure

Tasmanian Ports Corporation Pty Ltd

Tasmania has 4 major publically-owned ports at Bell Bay, Burnie, Devonport and Hobart. According to the Department of State Growth, over 99 per cent of goods leaving and arriving in Tasmania are moved by sea. Therefore, an efficient and effective port system is critical in meeting the current and future needs of Tasmania. The audit will assess Tasmanian Ports Corporation Pty Ltd's strategic management of port infrastructure in Tasmania, including planned upgrades for the 4 major ports as detailed in the Port Master Plan.

Road Safety Enforcement

Department of Police, Fire and Emergency Management, Department of State Growth

Road safety is every road user's responsibility. Tasmania has one of the worst safety records in Australia, with 6.6 deaths per 100,000 of the population. In 2022, there were 51 fatalities on Tasmanian roads, an increase of 45.7% from the previous year.

Tasmania Police is responsible for conducting high visibility policing on Tasmanian roads to identify high-risk driving behaviours and issue infringement notices for traffic offences. The focus of road safety enforcement is on the Fatal Five: speeding, driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol, inattention, fatigue and failure to wear seatbelts.

The Government's *Towards Zero Action Plan 2020-2024* has set a target of fewer than 200 fatalities and serious injuries by 2026. The Department of State Growth, partnered with Tasmania Police, has recently implemented a new program of mobile speed cameras across Tasmania to complement existing road enforcement activities and help meet the 2026 target.

In 2022, a Legislative Council Select Committee released a report which examined road safety in Tasmania. That Committee sought input from a broad cross-section of the community to understand Tasmania's poor road safety record and Committee made 49 recommendations for the Government's consideration. Ten of those recommendations related to enforcement activities. These recommendations will be considered when developing the audit criteria.

This audit will assess the effectiveness of road safety enforcement activities in helping to reduce the number of fatalities and serious injuries. It will examine the:

- partnership between Tasmania Police, Government agencies and relevant stakeholders on road safety enforcement initiatives and community messaging
- progress of initiatives across the 6 key areas identified in the *Towards Zero Action Plan 2020-2024*
- effectiveness of road safety enforcement measures, such as mobile speed cameras, and its impact on existing policing activities on Tasmanian roads.

Acronyms and abbreviations

| Audit Act | Audit Act 2008 |
|------------|---|
| Committee | Parliamentary Standing Committee of Public Accounts |
| Office | Tasmanian Audit Office |
| Plan | Annual plan describing the Auditor-General's proposed work program for the following financial year |
| Standards | Disability Standards for Education 2005 |
| State | State of Tasmania |
| TAFR | Treasurer's Annual Financial Report |
| University | University of Tasmania |

Audit Mandate and Standards Applied

Mandate

Section 23 of the Audit Act 2008 states that:

- (1) The Auditor-General may at any time carry out an examination or investigation for one or more of the following purposes:
 - (a) examining the accounting and financial management information systems of the Treasurer, a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity to determine their effectiveness in achieving or monitoring program results;
 - (b) investigating any mater relating to the accounts of the Treasurer, a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity;
 - (c) investigating any mater relating to public money or other money, or to public property or other property;
 - (d) examining the compliance of a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity with written laws or its own internal policies;
 - (e) examining the efficiency, effectiveness and economy of a State entity, a number of State entities, a part of a State entity or a subsidiary of a State entity;
 - (f) examining the efficiency, effectiveness and economy with which a related entity of a State entity performs functions
 - (i) on behalf of the State entity; or
 - (ii) in partnership or jointly with the State entity; or
 - (iii) as the delegate or agent of the State entity;
 - (g) examining the performance and exercise of the Employer's functions and powers under the *State Service Act 2000*.
- (2) Any examination or investigation carried out by the Auditor-General under subsection (1) is to be carried out in accordance with the powers of this Act

Standards Applied

Section 31 specifies that:

'The Auditor-General is to perform the audits required by this or any other Act in such a manner as the Auditor-General thinks fit having regard to -

- (a) the character and effectiveness of the internal control and internal audit of the relevant State entity or audited subsidiary of a State entity; and
- (b) the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards.'

The auditing standards referred to are Australian Auditing Standards as issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.



Front cover image: Lake Burbury and Bradshaw Bridge Photography by: Jason Charles Hill and Tourism Tasmania

Hobart Office

| Phone | (03) 6173 0900 |
|-------|------------------------|
| Email | admin@audit.tas.gov.au |
| Web | www.audit.tas.gov.au |

Address Level 2, 144 Macquarie Street Hobart, 7000 Postal GPO Box 851, Hobart 7001 Address 4th Floor, Henty House

1 Civic Square, Launceston

Launceston Office

Phone (03) 6173 0971